In 1789 the French people gained power by capturing the Bastille.

The French Revolution

The French Revolution was a ten-year fight. It began in 1789. The revolution was a time of the French people. This was the time of the French Revolution.
the Bastille. On July 14, 1789, angry French people
many years, French kings had sent many people to
outside Paris, but the king and his government
were helpless and helpless in the cities, streets, and
very wealthy. They started many fires in Paris. There
was no king left. The king called soldiers to Paris,
to make new laws. The king called soldiers to Paris,
and, the king called soldiers to Paris.

King Louis did not want the National Assembly
Revolution had begun.

absolutely. The French were over. The French
would make new laws for France. They said that
the National Assembly told King Louis that they
were not much money to pay more taxes. The
people of the Second Estate did not pay taxes. Most people in the Third Estate
did not pay taxes. The people of the Second Estate said they would
helping American ships in their war for freedom. The French had also spent a lot of money

in America. The French had also spent a lot of money
other nations. They had fought in the French and
spent too much money fighting long wars against
Frances because France needed money. The French had
taxes because France needed money. The French had
most of the land. In France, most were very wealthy. The people of the First and Second Estates did not
people of the Third Estate were in the Third Estate.

French population was in the First and Second

in the Third Estate. Only a very small part of the
city workers, lawyers, doctors, and merchants were
The Jacobins then tried to kill everyone who was Jacobin because they believed in the ideas of the French Republic. People called States, the French started a republic. People called want another King. Like the Americans in the United In 1792 some French people decided they did not put in prison Royal family was captured by French soldiers and to help him have absolute rule in France again. The Louis wanted rulers from other countries. Louis, Louis wanted rulers from other countries. Then in 1791, King Louis and his family had to escape from together. Louis made laws to help the people. Louis did not want to fight the angry people make laws for France. The National Assembly said the King, would not make laws for France. The National Assembly said the King, would not make laws for France. But King Louis lost most of his support. The National Assembly said Louis would still be made a new constitution. The National Assembly said all laws must be fair to the rich and poor. Everyone had to obey the laws. The National Assembly also said that people had freedom of speech and religious freedom. By 1791 the National Assembly said that everyone had freedom and equal rights. If you read a paper called the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen. This important paper said that everyone had freedom and equal rights. It also said that people had freedom of speech and religion. On August 27, 1789, the National Assembly celebrated Independence Day. Unlike year France celebrated its Assembly holiday July 14 is now a French holiday. King Louis had less power. It also made the National Assembly stronger. July 14 is now a French holiday. The fall of the Bastille became very important. The fall of the Bastille meant that people's rights were protected. The fall of the Bastille was a significant event in the French Revolution. People showed their support for the French Revolution by attacking the Bastille. They were looking for guns and weapons inside. The French people had arms and weapons inside. The fall of the Bastille became very important. The fall of the Bastille meant that people's rights were protected. The fall of the Bastille was a significant event in the French Revolution. People showed their support for the French Revolution by attacking the Bastille. They were looking for guns and weapons inside. The fall of the Bastille became very important. The fall of the Bastille meant that people's rights were protected. The fall of the Bastille was a significant event in the French Revolution. People showed their support for the French Revolution by attacking the Bastille. They were looking for guns.
France was gone. Taxes. They had equal rights. The old laws of France had more freedom. They paid to pay for France. The people brought some good changes to France. The Revolution also brought some good changes to France. But the Revolution also brought some bad changes to France. The Revolution brought the rule of France. When Napoleon Bonaparte became the ruler of France, the French Revolution ended in 1799. It ended with the execution of Louis XVI and his family.

The angry people of France noted outside the palace of King Louis XVI and his family.
were executed.
Neither Marie nor Louis showed any fear as they
made their way to chop off the heads of Marie and Louis.
In 1793 the French people used a special
prison, the Place of Louis XVI and
other European countries. In 1792 she was caught
When Louis wanted her brother and other relatives to help
her, they were hated like prisoners. Marie asked for
and the family was caught and returned to Paris. The royal
family was exiled to escape from France. The royal
Marie Anthonette continued to try to get help from
French aristocrats Marie and her husband were sent to
France and she fled. For more power France, Marie Anthonette
helped from her brother, the Duke of Austria. She and
her children were forced to move to Paris. In 1789, in October.
6. The French Revolution ended when a new government was created, not when Napoleon was put on the throne.

5. The Jacobins — King Louis and Marie Antoinette.

4. Marie Antoinette asked for help from her brother, the ruler of — Spain. Austria. France.

3. The National Assembly made new laws for France.

2. Rich nobles were in the First Estate, while Third Estate people, who worked for the Roman Catholic Church, were in the Third Estate.

1. People who worked for the Roman Catholic Church were in the Third Estate.

Finish the Sentence
Draw a circle around the word or words that best complete each sentence.

Read and Remember
The Declaration of Independence is to the United States as the Declaration of Rights of Man is to France.

Use Vocabulary
Analogies: Use the words in dark print to best print to complete the sentences.

Using What You Learned
The French people started a republic.

1. The French people did not like Marie Antoinette.
2. The National Assembly helped end absolute rule in France.
3. France needed money.
4. Marie Antoinette spent large amounts of France's money on items for herself and her friends.

Conclusion

and hungry.

Marie Antoinette did not seem to care that many people in France were poor.

and for her friends.

In 1792 the National Assembly said France would not be ruled by a king.

In 1791 the National Assembly wrote new laws that gave people in France equal rights.

France spent money helping Americans in the American Revolution.

France spent a lot of money on wars with other nations.

The French people decided they did not want another king.

The French people wanted new laws.

The conclusion you might make: Write the letter of the conclusion on the blank.

Conclusion

Drawings

Think and Apply

Tells why you want a revolution. Give at least two reasons.

I read you a French passage in the Third Estate. Write a paragraph that tells what you were a French passage in the Third Estate of France.

Journal Writing