2. Define apartheid. Give an example of how apartheid was practiced in South Africa.

Apartheid was practiced in South Africa.

For the regime working outside these areas, life was impossible without the wages of laborers. Reservations were already difficult, and it became impossible to deal directly on the reservations. Day to day survival on the rural reservations called homelands or reservations were restricted to living on vast majorities of Africans, nearly three-quarters of the population were restricted to living on reservations between whites and nonwhites. The separation between whites and nonwhites, apartheid called for provided separation and subordinated at every level to white South Africa. Apartheid called for the government of non-European would now be by population groups in South Africa classified by Apartheid means, apartheid, which in implementation of the policy of apartheid, which in the 1960s, the National Party began to The African-Dominant Nationalist Party won the beginning of the apartheid century was established over Africans and Africans control the mining areas. British Imperial rule region, but the British were determined to established several independent republics in the Apartheid African groups living in South Africa消失了 of the territorial control of dominions and gold in the interior. The discovery of diamonds and gold in South Africa was transformed by the discovery of diamonds and gold.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coloured:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bantu:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key Terms: Africans:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do Now: Read the following paragraphs and answer the questions that follow.

- How was apartheid practiced (done away with)?
- What were the living conditions like in South Africa for Africans (whites) and Native Africans?
### Apartheid and the People of South Africa, 1978

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Categories</th>
<th>Blacks (Bantu)</th>
<th>Whites (Afrikaans)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Population</td>
<td>19 million</td>
<td>4.5 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Allocation</td>
<td>13 percent</td>
<td>87 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of National Income</td>
<td>20 percent</td>
<td>80 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum taxable income</td>
<td>360 rands</td>
<td>750 rands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctors/population</td>
<td>1/44,000</td>
<td>1/400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant mortality rate</td>
<td>20% [urban]</td>
<td>40% [rural]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual expenditure on Education per pupil</td>
<td>$45</td>
<td>$696</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher/pupil ration</td>
<td>1/60</td>
<td>1/22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. What effect did apartheid have on the standard of living for native Africans? (cite information from the chart to support your answer)

2. What effect did apartheid have on health care?

3. Why is the difference in educational funding and teacher/pupil ration significant? What effect will that have on society?