## Causes of World War I Worksheet Answer Key

CAUSES OF WORLD WAR I			
Long Term Causes			Short Term Causes
Nationalism	Militarism	Alliances	Assassination of Archduke Ferdinand
Late 1800s–early 1900s: European ethnic groups devoted to the interests of their own nations, e.g., Germany, Italy.  Competition for colonies among European countries.  Ethnic minorities desired independence, e.g., Czechs, Slovaks, Poles, Croats, and Serbs.	In order to protect colonies, European nations increased their military strength, e.g.,  • Britain and Germany built a large navy.  • Germany and Russia increased the size of their armies.	As nations increased their military, they formed alliances to protect themselves, e.g.,  Triple Alliance — Austro-Hungarian Empire, Germany, Italy  Triple Entente — France, Great Britain, and Russia.	Archduke assassinated by a Serbian terrorist group, the Black Hand, on June 28, 1914.  Serbs thought that they might come under control of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.  Austro-Hungarian Empire sent demands to Serbian government. Serbia rejected demands. With the help of Germany, Austro-Hungarian Empire declared war on Serbia; Germany declared war on Russia (ally of Serbia), and Great Britain declared war on Germany.